#### ENGLISH

## **Syllabus for Primary Schools**

### YEAR 4

# LEARNING OUTCOMES

for

### YEAR 4

Curriculum Department, Floriana

ORACY LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING	
STORIES POEMS SONGS TOPICS	READING STRATEGIES	HANDWRITING PRESENTATION SKILLS	
4.1.1 Demonstrate enjoyment, increasing interest and concentration during listening or viewing activities	4.2.1 Demonstrate awareness of book conventions	4.3.1 Give importance to quality of handwriting	
4.1.2 Demonstrate growing confidence in being able to listen and progressively understand the spoken language without reference to the written form	4.2.2 With support demonstrate ability to access information from a range of sources	4.3.2 Begin to use a range of presentational features	
4.1.3 Demonstrate ability to recite poems, songs and refrains	4.2.3 Demonstrate efficiency in using a variety of strategies to understand and maintain meaning	WRITING STRATEGIES	
LANGUAGE INTERACTIVE CONVERSATIONS	4.2.4 Demonstrate gradual awareness and efficiency in using a variety of strategies when encountering difficult text	4.3.3 Demonstrate gradual competence of various strategies to spell correctly	
4.1.4 Demonstrate increasing ability in using appropriate language when participating in discussion on read-aloud text, stories, poems and songs	(4.2.5) (Demonstrate gradual awareness and efficiency in the use of word identification strategies)	4.3.4 Use planning before writing	

4.1.5	Give short descriptions of characters, scenes, objects and pictures		<b>READING</b>	4.3.5	Write in a coherent and cohesive manner
<mark>4.1.6</mark>	With support use appropriate and grammatically correct language to communicate meaningfully and with a purpose	4.2.6	Participate in shared reading experiences	4.3.6	Demonstrate ability to proof-read and with support begin to edit own work
<mark>4.1.7</mark>	Use the correct intonation to distinguish statements from questions, and to express feelings	4.2.7	Read confidently, with fluency, expression and clear diction		WRITING
4.1.8	Demonstrate gradual competence in speaking confidently with accuracy, using clear diction and correct intonation in front of an audience	4.2.8	Demonstrate competence in comprehension strategies	<mark>4.3.7</mark>	Use drawing and writing to complement and support each other
<mark>4.1.9</mark>	Understand and practise the conventions of social discourse		VOCABULARY	<mark>4.3.8</mark>	Participate in shared teacher / pupil/s writing
	<b>VOCABULARY</b>	4.2.9	Develop an increasing bank of words which are recognized when encountered in different contexts	4.3.9	With support write for an audience and with a purpose
<mark>4.1.10</mark>	Use a range of vocabulary related to a particular topic			<u>4.3.10</u>	With support write expanded sentences according to ability

ATTITUDE	ATTITUDE	4.3.11 With support create and write own book/s experimenting with different genres
4.1.11 (Participate enthusiastically in oral activities)	4.2.10 Demonstrate self-motivation to read for a range of purposes	(4.3.12 Demonstrate understanding of the functions of sentence structure)
4.1.12 Demonstrate a positive view of their own opinions and appreciate the views of others	4.2.11 Show a marked preference for a particular author or genre or topic	(4.3.13 With support begin to demonstrate understanding of the function and relation of words in context
		(4.3.14 Use grammatically correct sentences)
		(4.3.15 Write answers to literal and inferential questions on picture, topic, story and poem
		VOCABULARY
		(4.3.16 Experiment with words drawn from topics, literature, language activities, media)

	ATTITUDE
	4.3. 17 Demonstrate enjoyment and motivation to participate in writing activities

### PROGRAMME

for

### YEAR 4

Curriculum Department, Floriana

#### 4.1 ORACY – LISTENING AND SPEAKING

Learnin	g Outcomes	Notes
	STORIES POEMS	SONGS TOPICS
4.1.1	Demonstrate enjoyment, increasing interest and concentration	Initially starting with short text and eventually using more challenging text
	during listening or viewing activities	of moderate length
*	Listen attentively to read-aloud text, stories, poems, songs	Audio/video cassettes, CD-Rom, DVD, use fiction / non-fiction text
*	Listen for specific information	
*	Listen for main ideas	
<b>4.1.2</b>	Demonstrate growing confidence in being able to listen and	
	progressively understand the spoken language without reference	
	to the written form	
*	Interact and participate	Listening activities provide a stimulus for participating in other activities
		e.g. discussion type activities (reading and writing activities)
<b>*</b>	Carry out instructions	React to instructions
<b>*</b>	Participate in role-play using miming	The participants perform actions or express themselves without using words
*	Make out the words in a song	As a pleasurable activity and using traditional or pop songs for intonation,
		pronunciation
	With support organize thoughts	
<mark>4.1.3</mark>	Demonstrate ability to recite poems, songs and refrains	As a pleasurable activity memorize favourite poems, or parts of a poem, song,
<b>*</b>	With support make innovations on a poem	E.g. May give a different ending, add on lines, suggest different rhyming
		words
*	With support create a simple poem	Need not have rhyming words
		E.g. It is great to be a bird
		A tiny chirpy bird
		And flying in the sky
		Just flying up and down
<b>*</b>	Demonstrate a sensitivity to rhyme, rhythm, alliteration,	Recognize rhyming words, beat the rhythm;
	onomatopoeia, personification	Alliteration:- the repetition of initial sounds in successive words
		e.g. The wind in the willows whistled
		Woo – oo - oo whistled the wind

		Onomatopoeia:- words which seem to imitate the sound they describe
		e.g. Woo-oo-oo
		Personification: - giving human-like qualities to animals, objects, ideas
		e.g. The wind whistled
		Emphasis is not on technical terms
	LANGUAGE INTERACT	NE CONVEDSATIONS
	LANGUAGE INTEKAUT	IVE CONVERSATIONS
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4.1.4	Demonstrate increasing ability in using appropriate language	Use language forms which are typical of the spoken language
	when participating in discussion on read-aloud text, stories,	E.g. contracted forms: 'I don't'; short form answers: 'I'm eight'
	poems and songs	
<b>*</b>	Give the general idea of a text, story, poem and song	Can give the gist of the subject of a story, poem, song and text
<b>*</b>	Offer predictions in a story and in a dialogue	Suggest what might happen next; suggest different endings
<b>*</b>	With support recall important events in sequential order	Attempt to retell stories in sequence, emphasizing main events, settings
<b>*</b>	With support share ideas and thoughts	Give views and opinions on story, poem, text, picture, characters
*	Retell a story	Retell stories in sequence emphasizing beginning, middle, and ending;
		Use the features of story language;
		Words denoting time: 'Once upon a time', 'One day', 'Yesterday'
		Words denoting sequence: 'first',' then',' after', 'suddenly'
<b>*</b>	Retell scenes from a story or video	
*	(Respond to questions)	On pictures, stories, poems, topic, songs
		<i>"Wh' questions; How? Do/ Did?</i>
*	Begin to propose questions	Learners may question why, how come facts or characters or events are
		presented in such a way?)
4.1.5	<b>(Give short descriptions of characters, scenes, objects and pictures)</b>	presented in such a way:
<del>4.1.3</del>	With support use vivid descriptions	Using appropriate perspectatory and appropriate
		Using appropriate vocabulary and expressions
*	With support demonstrate ability to sequence ideas while describing	May rely on visual
*	With support demonstrate ability to use grammatically correct	Subject / verb agreement; use of verb tense with reasonable accuracy;
	language	pronouns match the nouns they represent
<mark>4.1.6</mark>	With support use appropriate and grammatically correct	Dialogues, discussions, Show and Tell, role-play, drama
	language to communicate meaningfully and with a purpose	
*	Use and respond appropriately to greetings	E.g. How do you do? Very well, thank you
*	Give instructions to guide activity	During games, in pairs / group work
*	Report messages to others	
*	Make requests and express personal needs	<i>Learn modelled words and phrases and use them in particular situations</i>
		E.g. May I ?, Can I?, I want, I wish, I like

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*	Participate and ask questions	During discussions, dialogues, Show and Tell
◆	Participate in role-play using appropriate modelled language in a	Learners practise speaking in 'Let's Pretend' situations
	simulated situation	E.g. Giving simple clear necessary directions to someone who asks the way
	~	to the local supermarket – repeating phrases, sentences
*	Convey opinion favourable or otherwise	
*	With support give reason(s) for opinion	
<b>4.1.7</b>	Use the correct intonation to distinguish statements from	Change pitch of voice to convey meaning
	questions, and to express feelings	
*	Adopt intonation patterns to communicate meaning	Show surprise, questions,
<mark>4.1.8</mark>	Demonstrate gradual competence in speaking confidently with	Speak at a steady and natural pace; With support use grammatically
	accuracy, using clear diction and correct intonation in front of an	correct language, pronounce words correctly, change pitch of voice to
	audience	convey meaning in front of peers
<b>*</b>	Participate in performances using appropriate language	E.g. In role-play and drama, simulated situations
<mark>.</mark>	Talk about experiences, interests, possessions, likes and dislikes	E.g. Show and Tell
<mark>.</mark>	Tell personal anecdotes	
*	Demonstrate an ability to retell or create a story	
<b>4.1.9</b>	Understand and practise the conventions of social discourse	
*	Demonstrate ability to take-turns in conversations	Give time to the person speaking to finish before joining in
<b>*</b>	Demonstrate ability to listen to others	
*	Express and exchange ideas and information	
<b>*</b>	Respond to others	
*	Appreciate the views and opinions of others	
	VOCABU	JLARY
1 1 10	Use a venge of vegebulery related to reactionly taries which to	
<b>4.1.10</b>	(Use a range of vocabulary related to particular topics, subjects, stories and poems	
•	(Use and experiment with words, phrases and expressions)	
* *	Use new words spontaneously	
	Use new words spontaneously	
	ATTIT	
<b>4.1.11</b>	Participate enthusiastically in oral activities	Discussions, dialogues, performances
4.1.12	Demonstrate a positive view of their own opinions and appreciate the views of others	

#### 4.2 READING

Learni	ng Outcomes	Notes	
	READING STRAEGIES		
4.2.1	Demonstrate awareness of book conventions	(Title, author, page, contents page, chapter / lesson/ unit,	
		Preface / blurb (preliminary remarks on subject of book), Index	
	Show knowledge of specific features in a text	E.g. picture, diagram,	
*	With support demonstrate ability to locate a specific portion of a book	(Use index or contents page)	
*	With support use the preface / blurb for information about the subject matter of book	(Summary / preliminary remarks found on book cover	
*	With support use a dictionary	Use children's dictionaries; introduce alphabetic skills to locate words	
<mark>4.2.2</mark>	With support demonstrate ability to access information from a range of sources		
*	With support select appropriate reading materials from a range of text forms	Messages, notices, instructions, newsletters, advertisements, posters	
*	With support gather information from a range of sources	E.g. Books, internet, videos, CD-Rom, DVD, notice-boards, magazines, (newspapers)	
4.2.3	Demonstrate efficiency in using a variety of strategies to		
	understand and maintain meaning		
<mark>.</mark>	Demonstrate ability to relate text to own experience	Make connections between what they read and what they know	
*	Create images in the mind for enhancing reading comprehension		
*	Identify with main characters in text		
*	Use prior knowledge to understand text		
<b>*</b>	Begin to generate self-questions about the text		
<mark>4.2.4</mark>	<b>Demonstrate gradual awareness and efficiency in using a variety</b> of strategies when encountering difficult text	(Respond to challenges in text)	
*	Self-correct	E.g. say 'chicken' instead of 'kitchen'; 'for' instead of 'from' and realize	
		that it does not make sense	
*	Re-read to clarify meaning	Sweep back on line and read sentence again for meaning	
*	Read on	The ability to read smoothly and easily	
<b>*</b>	Slow down and sub-vocalise when encountering difficult text	Move lips and mouth and try to pronounce the words silently	
*	Substitute familiar words for unknown words		

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*	Use punctuation	The use of full stops, question marks and other graphic marks which help to	
		clarify meaning of text e.g. raising voice for exclamation marks	
4.2.5	Demonstrate gradual awareness and efficiency in the use of	Use different methods when learners come across difficult or unfamiliar	
	word identification strategies	words	
*	Use sounding out (graphophonic knowledge)	Letter-sound correspondence	
*	Use common letter patterns	E.g. 'ing' 'ly' 'er' 'tion' 'ive' 'ful' 'ness'	
*	Show knowledge of known parts of words	E.g. 'ring' in 'string'; 'won' in 'wonder' in 'wonderful'	
*	Use knowledge of meaning when encountering homophones	E.g. 'their' and ' there'	
*	Use knowledge of meaning when encountering homonyms	E.g. 'wave' (verb: to wave good-bye)	
		'wave' (noun: a big wave pushed the boat ashore)	
		DING	
4.2.6	Participate in shared reading experiences	Read with teacher and peers using fiction, non-fiction, poetry, newspapers	
<b>*</b>	Read for different purposes	Enjoyment, messages, instructions, reports, information	
<mark>4.2.7</mark>	Read confidently, with fluency, expression and clear diction		
*			
	intonation and comprehension		
*	Read different genres for an audience	Read fiction, non-fiction, poetry in front of a class, in groups	
*			
<b>4.2.8</b>	Demonstrate competence in comprehension strategies		
*			
*		Give the meaning of significant words	
	text		
*	Skim and Scan simple texts for different purposes	Skim text for main ideas; Scan a text for specific information	
<b>*</b>			
<b>*</b>		Meaning clearly stated in text - Read the lines	
<b>*</b>	<u> </u>		
*	Begin to respond to inferential questions	Read between the lines to respond to inferential questions - A level of	
		comprehension related to understanding implied in the text but not directly	
		stated	
	VOCABULARY		
	Develop an increasing bank of words which are recognized when	Including some difficult and subject specific words e.g. science, dinosaurs,	
	encountered in different contexts	volcano, temperature	

*	Recognise immediately most frequently used words and common			
	words			
<b>*</b>	Identify functions of naming words, of descriptive words, words that	Nouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs to expand their vocabulary and enhance		
	show action, and words that describe actions in a text / in context	comprehension of text		
		Emphasis on their function rather than on the technical terms		
	ATTITUDE			
<b>4.2.10</b>	Demonstrate self-motivation to read for a range of purposes			
<mark>4.2.11</mark>	Show a marked preference for a particular author or genre or	Show interest in and preference for fiction and non-fiction text and poetry		
	topic			

#### 4.3 WRITING

Learni	ng Outcomes	Notes
	HANDWRITING PF	RESENTATION SKILLS
4.3.1	Give importance to quality of handwriting	
*	Produce legible handwriting	
*	Control basic formation and joining	School policy on handwriting – Ideally use cursive handwriting
4.3.2	Begin to use a range of presentational features	<i>E.g. Upper case / large font letters as used in newspapers; graphic skills gained in art</i>
	WRITING	STRATEGIES
4.3.3	Demonstrate gradual competence of various strategies to spell	Show and discuss with learners the use of different methods which may be
	correctly	used to spell words
		(the method is used orally to write correctly)
*	Use sounding out of phonemes	E.g. interesting:- i/n/t/e/r/e/s/t/i/n/g
		Phoneme is the smallest unit of sound in a word e.g. 'i' as in 'interesting'
*	Use onset and rime	Substituting the initial letter(s) which is the onset
		e.g. brought, thought, sought, fought
		'br, th, s, f,' are the onset; 'ought' is the rime
*	Use syllabification	E.g. character:- char / ac / ter
*	Identify little words in long words	E.g. transport:- ran / sport
*	Identify distinctive features about letters in a word	E.g. precious:- pre/c/ iou / s
*	Use blends	Blends: the sound of two or more letters joined with minimal changes in
		those sounds
		e.g. 'str' in 'strawberry'
*	Use knowledge of letter patterns	E.g. 'ing', 'ful', 'er', 'ly', 'tion', 'ive', 'ness'
*	Use Look and Say	Remember graphic representation of the word
4.3.4	Use planning before writing	Use brainstorming, spidogram (web), mapping
*	Draw on classroom resources	Word banks, word charts, books
*	With support begin to research on topic	From various sources: internet, books, CD – Rom, DVD, Videos

*	With support begin to organize and classify information	
<b>4.3.5</b>	Write in a coherent and cohesive manner	Ideas are organised and developed in a logical and sequential manner
<b>4.3.6</b>	Demonstrate ability to proof-read and with support edit own	<b>Proof-reading:</b> correct work for spelling and punctuation
	work	Editing: check if writing makes sense; if there are missing words; if
		sentence could be improved by varying sentence beginnings, by using more
		descriptive words
<mark>.</mark>	With support use dictionary	May use alphabetical skills with support
	WRI	TING
4.3.7	Use drawing and writing to complement and support each other	
*	Draw and write captions, words, phrases or sentences to	
	communicate meaning	
4.3.8	Participate in shared teacher / pupil/s writing	Write about 90 words or 6 to 10 or more sentences according to ability
*	Write sentences or a paragraph on picture / s	
*	Write sentences or a paragraph about a topic	
*	Write a simple story	With support write in chronological order using sequence, time expressions:
		to-day, yesterday, to-morrow
		"Wh' questions
		Story features: setting, characters, events
-		Beginning, middle, ending
*	With support begin to write innovations or transformations to a	Text Innovations: adopting the language pattern used by an author
	known story and poem	E.g. There was a dark dark door; behind the door was a dark dark hall.
		might be substituted for There was a big big square in the square was a big big bouse
		There was a big big square; in the square was a big big house Transformations: use different endings, different settings, characters,
		what if?,
4.3.9	With support write for an audience and with a purpose	Use the letter format as a model for a 'fill in the gap' exercise or a Cloze
<b>4.3.</b>	with support write for an audience and with a purpose	exercise; list of
•	Write messages	E.g. E-mail
*	Write invitation cards	
*	Make identity kits	
*	With support write short and simple recipes	
*	With support begin to write advertisements	
*	With support fill in tables or charts	
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4.3.10	With support write expanded sentences according to ability	E.g. Paul had a big bicycle.
		Paul had a big bicycle. Dad gave him a big bicycle for his birthday.
		Paul was thrilled because he had a big bicycle. Dad gave him a big
		bicycle for his birthday
<mark>.</mark>	Generate sentences from a given model	<i>E.g. The big dog chased a white tabby cat.</i>
		The white tabby cat chased
*	Generate sentence patterns	E.g. We enjoy swimming when it is hot.
		We enjoy reading when
*	With support expand with words and expressions	Draw from stories, topics, literature, language activities
		E.g. Different parts of speech: naming words, describing words
<mark>.</mark>	Begin to take the initiative to write and generate sentences	Create sentences on topics, stories
<b>4.3.11</b>	With support create and write own books/s experimenting with	Picture books, story books, books on specific topics, comics, journal, diary
	different genres	
<b>4.3.12</b>	Demonstrate understanding of the functions of sentence	Use sentence frames with adjectives and adverbs or adjectival or adverbial
	structure	phrases to develop an understanding of specific sentence structure.
		Substitute adjectives, nouns etc for another adjective, noun etc
		e.g. The hungry dogs gobbled their food in the kitchen.
		The naughty children washed their clothes in the tub.
*	Use correct word order	Subject-verb-object sentences
*	Vary sentence beginnings	
*	Use correct punctuation in context	Sentences as units of print defined by capital letter and a full stop, commas,
		use of speech marks, question marks and exclamation marks to heighten the
		effect of writing on reader
*	Use parts of speech in context	Content words: naming words (including plurals - regular and irregular),
		describing words, verbs, adverbs
		Function words: pronouns, prepositions, simple conjunctions, determiners
		(a, an, the, some, this, my)
<b>4.3.13</b>	With support begin to demonstrate understanding of the	Use sentence transformation by changing one word at a time e.g. a noun
	function and relation of words in context	must be changed with another noun
<mark>.</mark>	Begin to show some knowledge of the function of words in a	E.g. nouns, (plurals: regular and irregular) verbs, adjectives, adverbs,
	sentence and what most of these words are called	prepositions, simple conjunctions (and, but, because)
		Determiners (a, an, the); possessive adjectives (my, his)
		Demonstrative adjectives (this that)
		Emphasis not on the technical terms
4.3.14		
*	Make good use of verb / tense consistency	
<mark>.</mark>	Apply subject / verb agreement	

*	Apply noun / pronoun agreement	
*	Make good use of 'because' to show cause and effect	
*	Use conjunctions	E.g. 'and', 'but', 'because'
<b>4.3.15</b>	Write answers to questions on picture, topic, story and poem	
*	Write answers to literal questions on picture or text	May skim a text for a main idea or scan a text to give specific information to
		comprehension questions; Read the lines for
	Give the meaning of words used in the text	Use prior knowledge, context of text
*	With support write answers to inferential questions	Give information which is implied in the text but not directly stated – read
		between the lines
<b>VOCABULARY</b>		
<b>4.3.16</b>	Experiment with words drawn from topics, literature, language	Make use of nouns, verbs, adjectives, pronouns, prepositions, adverbs and
	activities, media	<i>conjunctions</i>
		Emphasis should not be on technical terms
<mark>.</mark>	Extend vocabulary by using specific words for generic words	E.g. 'Say' : shout, scream, whisper
ATTITUDE		
<mark>4.3.17</mark>	Demonstrate enjoyment and motivation to participate in writing	
	activities	
<b>*</b>	Experiment with words, expressions and sentences	May use stories, poems/rhymes, sentences to generate own writing
<b>*</b>	Create own books	Picture books; story/poetry books; 'About me books'; comics