

Prof.ssa Fabiola Salerno

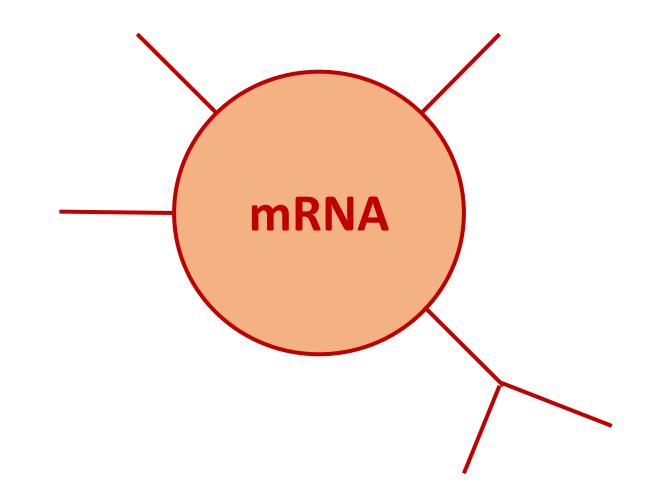


Listening activity 1 00:00-05:44



A MIND MAP

from a written text



Listening activity 2 10:50-13:03

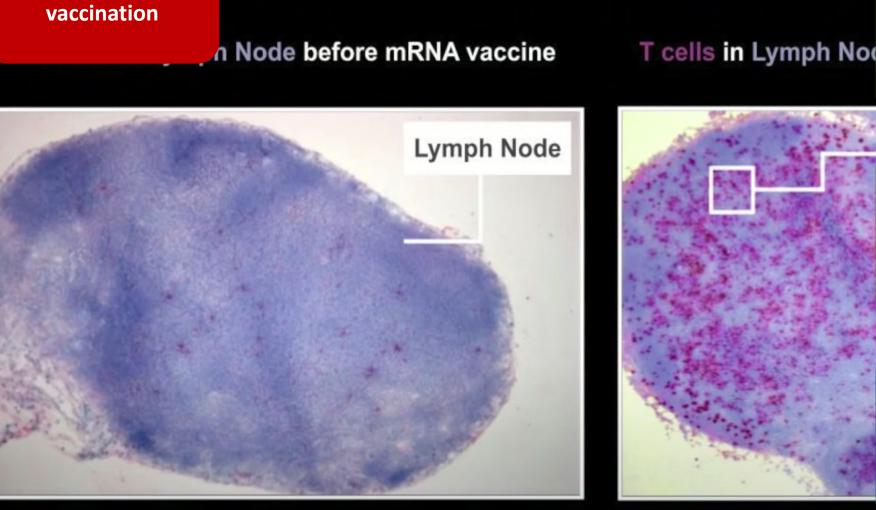


LOOKING FOR SIMILES AND METAPHORS

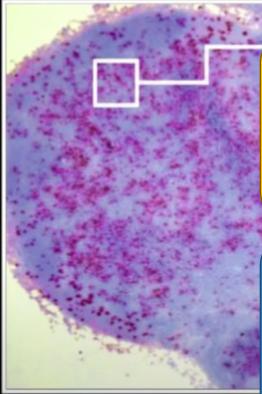
METAPHORS and SIMILES are figures of speech which indicates comparisons A <u>metaphor</u> is an <u>implicit comparison (You're the sun</u>)

A <u>simile</u> is an <u>explicit comparison</u>, with «like» or «as» to introduce the term of comparison (*You're like the sun*) Here are the three elements which make up both metaphors and similes

TENOR The subject (the starting point)	COMMON GROUND What the two terms of comparison share	VEHICLE What the subject is compared to (the end point)



No treatment or



Optimized mRNA Vaccine expands T co

A treated organism: mRNA is carried into lymph nodes to reach very special cells dendritic cells – the coaches of the immune system.

and the second

Dendritic cells are generals which call all the different special forces and train them to recognize the attacker.

The red dots are the effect of all this: they're the Tcells trained to recognize the antigen (the danger) and to attack this specific protein encoded by the mRNA



Intranodal Vaccination with Naked Antigen-Encoding RNA Elicits Potent Prophylactic and Therapeutic Antitumoural Immunity. Sebastian Kreiter, Abderraouf Selmi, Mustafa Diken, Michael Koslowski, Cedrik Britten, Christoph Huber, Özlem Türeci and Ugur Sahin **Cancer Research 2010**





The words are paraphrased from the Bible

